



Account of Purley on Thames

Chronicles 1350-1374

1350 - 23/24 Ed III

1351 - 24/25 Ed III

1352 - 25/26 Ed III

John de St Philibert sold the manor of Sulham, including La Hyde, to Walter Haywode for 200 marks (Feet of Fines, Berks 26 Edw III no 3; 26-iii-429)

There was a suit over a debt of 120 shillings reputedly owed by John de Purle. Nicholas Carew mainperned himself for the 120s as well as costs and damages if the deed which could prove the rights of the matter was not found (ref 44-1352-501)

Thomas Huscarle was called to be one of the two Knights of the Shire representing Berkshire at the Parliament held on 13th Jan (ref 120)

1353 - 26/27 Ed III

1354 - 27/28 Ed III

Lucy Huscarle, the widow of Sir Thomas Huscarle, did fealty to the Black Prince at Westminster on Feb 11th. She held the manor of Purley Magna, together with those of Beddington, Surrey and Brightwell for three knights fees and an obligation to provide two men at arms for 40 days to garrison Wallingford Castle if it became involved in war (ref 71)

On May 9th Gilbert de Crossley, Keeper of the Fees of the Honor of Wallingford, was enjoined by the Black Prince not to meddle in the affairs of the heir of Sir Thomas Huscarle (presumably his son Thomas) as his widow Lucy was the rightful holder of Purley Magna (ref 71)

1355 - 28/29 Ed III

1356 - 29/30 Ed III

1357 - 30/31 Ed III

Lucy Huscarle was remarried to Nicholas Carew. Sir Thomas Huscarle's son John who had been named in the settlement of 1343 had died without issue. (ref 26)

1358 - 31/32 Ed III

1359 - 32/33 Ed III

1360 - 33/34 Ed III

1361 - 34/35 Ed III

Robert Yonge was made Vicar of Purley. Later in the same year he was replaced by Robert Farnetby. They were both presented by the Prior of St Edmund's College Salisbury. Thus some time previously the Advowson must have been sold to the college by the Lord of the Manor of Purley Magna, or possibly it was left to the College in Sir Thomas Huscarle's will (ref 115)

1362 - 35/36 Ed III

1363 - 36/37 Ed III

1364 - 37/38 Ed III

Walter Haywode settled the manor of Sulham on himself and his wife Joan and their heirs (refs Feet of Fines, Berks 38 Edw III no 8; 26-iii-429)

1365 - 38/39 Ed III

1366 - 39/40 Ed III

The Lord of the manor of Purley Magna conceived the idea that an irrigating ditch to convey water to his farms would increase the weight of his hay crops. Unfortunately for him the Lord of Mapledurham owned both banks of the river and complained that water was being drawn from his mill. The matter went to court and the Lord of Purley, Sir Thomas Huscarle, was twice fined 200 marks for failing to meet deadlines to fill in the ditch. The remains can be still seen today running from the lock across the meadow towards Wintringham Way, especially when the river is high and the channel becomes flooded. (ref 24)

1367 - 40/41 Edw III

Reginald Malyns returned to England from France after his father's death to look after his estates which included Purley Parva (S1-6/86)

1368 - 41/42 Ed III

1369 - 42/43 Ed III

The king ordered John Grey of Rotherfield to enquire into the state of weirs on the Thames between Henley and Streatley. He was particularly asked to comment on whether or not they were obstructing navigation. The major problem reported was at Sandford Lock (ref 81-1369-1)

The Trustees of the estate of Thomas, son of Sir Thomas Huscarle and Lucy granted the Manor of Purley Magna to his step father, Nicholas Carew, with reversion to his son of the same name and the heirs of his body and contingent remainder to the right heirs of Sir Thomas. (ref 26-iii-418; 100; Patent Roll 6 Hy VIII pt 2m32)

1370 - 43/44 Edw III

John Hokkele who was the kinsman and heir to Sir Thomas Huscarles, formally gave up his claims to Purley Magna in a Quitclaim dated 29th May. Presumably to Nicholas Carew who had married Lucy, the widow of Sir Thomas (Surrey RO 2163/7/12)

1371 - 44/45 Ed III

1372 - 45/46 Ed III

1373 - 46/47 Edw III

Walter, Rector of Purley was excommunicated by Robert Wyville, Bishop of Salisbury for having failed to pay the dues ordered by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York. He was named with several others, most of whom were accused of usurping church revenues. (S295)

1374 - 47/48 Ed III